In the story, Freedom school is in the south. The facts that prove the information in the story is true are:

* There were about 80 white students from the north who came to Mississippi to take part in freedom summer school.
* During the campaign, Civil Rights Movement people came to teach freedom schools that were established to supplement the inferior of educational opportunities given to young black children in the public schools.
  + http://www.mississippi history now.com.

In the story of the south white people, believed that black and white people should not be together in schools. The facts that prove the information in the story is true is:

* Along with the school boards and politicians, ordinary southerners bonded together to oppose integration.
* Just months after the Brown Ruling a group called the white citizens council was formed in the state of Mississippi. Soon citizen councils would spread to Alabama, Louisiana, Georgia and Texas and other states to oppose allowing black children to go to white schools.
  + The Civil Rights Movement By: Michael Anderson

In the notes of the author, the 1964 Mississippi summer project involved more than 600 young volunteers black and white whom risked their lives for the south. The facts that prove the information in the story are true are :

* The COFO invited more students to take part in Freedom Summer. Hundreds of the students came to the south. Some of the students that came were from the finest schools in the country.
* The students brought strong residence. When the first group of students arrived they were given the bad news about three Civil Right workers disappearance. One was black and the other two were white. They were found dead more than a month later.
  + http://www.The Civil Rights Movements.Com

In the author notes it states that the Freedom School teacher, Heather Booth was eighteen years old at the time. The facts that prove the information in the author’s notes are true are:

* Booth started organizing in the Civil Rights Movements and then in the Anti-Vietnam War movement and the women’s movement. As an idealistic 18 year old who had just finished her freshman year at the University of Chicago, she went south to Mississippi for Freedom Summer School.
* In the 1950 some of the African Americans were determine to change things so they started the Civil Rights Movements in 1950.
  + www.lilth.org

In the author’s note’s it states that the white students as well as the brave black families who took them into their homes that summer faced incredible hostile and danger from local white people. The facts that prove the information in the author’s note is true is:

Heather booth stayed with the Hawkins family. They would have had the courage in order to step up for equal treatment of all the people by allowing her to stay there. Their son Andrew was murdered, and their two grand daughters with the fire that burned down their house. Prior to this they were threatened of having their home burnt to the ground. After Mary Lou was murdered at the home of a police officer in the control of the White Power Structure.

* [WWW.CR](http://WWW.CR/) Mvet.Org/Nars/Hawk

To learn more about the Mississppi Summer Project 1964: www.Mississippihistorynow.com

The artifact that represents the story and the time period is a mean note and a brick to Jolie. It represents the time period where white people are not allowed to teach black kids, and where some white people made threats by throwing bricks with threatening notes to make it end.